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COMMUNITY WORKSHOP 2: BUILDING ELECTRIFICATION POLICY

DOWNTOWN MAIN LIBRARY FEBRUARY 27, 2020

AGENDA (90 MINS)

- Presentation (45 minutes)
 - Objectives, Agenda and Introduction
 - Why Electrification
- Group Activity (15 minutes)
 - What Other Jurisdictions Have Adopted
- City Council Directed Policy
- Group Activity (10 minutes)
- Q & A (15 minutes)
- Roundtable evaluation (5 minutes)

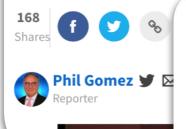
OBJECTIVES

- 1. PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW ON BUILDING ELECTRIFICATION CONCEPT & DRIVERS
- 2. SHARE CC DIRECTED APPROACH & TIMELINE
- 3. RECEIVE FEEDBACK FROM COMMUNITY AND ANSWER QUESTIONS

INTRODUCTION

The City of Santa Cruz has declared a climate change emergency

City leaders say urgent action must be taken to combat catastrophic climate change



RESOLUTION NO.

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SANTA CRUZ ENDORSING THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES' EFFORTS TO ENACT HOUSE RESOLUTION 109, THE GREEN NEW DEAL



DRIVERS TO EXPLORING ELECTRIFICATION

- City Council directed staff to bring back options and align timeline with Monterey Bay Community Power's rollout of support incentives
- Monterey Bay Community Power's Electrification Strategic Plan calls for transportation and building electrification as key emissions reduction strategies for region + incentives
- Contributes to State's carbon neutrality by 2045 target

CA HAS AMBITIOUS CLIMATE GOALS, BUT NO POLICY PATHWAY TO ZERO-EMISSIONS BUILDINGS YET

• 40% GHG reduction by 2030 • Electric sector:

• 60% renewable / 2030

• 100% carbon-free / 2045

by 2045

Carbon neutrality



SB 100 (2018)



Gov. Exec Order (2018)



• 40% GHG reductions in buildings / 2030 (assessment)

 \$200M incentives for low-emissions buildings and equipment

AB 3232



SB 1477



EXISTING GREEN BUILDING PROGRAM

Water Use Reduction

Building Material Supply Chain Impacts Reduction

Improves Occupant Health Outcomes

Improves Building Longevity

Reduces Maintenance Costs

Improves Disaster Resiliency

Increases Waste Diversion Rate

Educates & Optimizes All-Electric Design

Reduces Cost of Ownership

Leads by Example



Base Code Requirements

	2016	2019
Building Electrification	None	Electrification-ready water heating for residential
Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure	"EV Capable" parking requirements for single family, multifamily and commercial CALGreen	Same *
Solar PV	Solar readiness for single- family, multi-family (up to 10 stories) & low-rise commercial (except healthcare)	+ Mandatory PV for low- rise residential

^{*}City adopted parking ordinance amendment requiring EV charging installation

WHY ELECTRIFICATION?

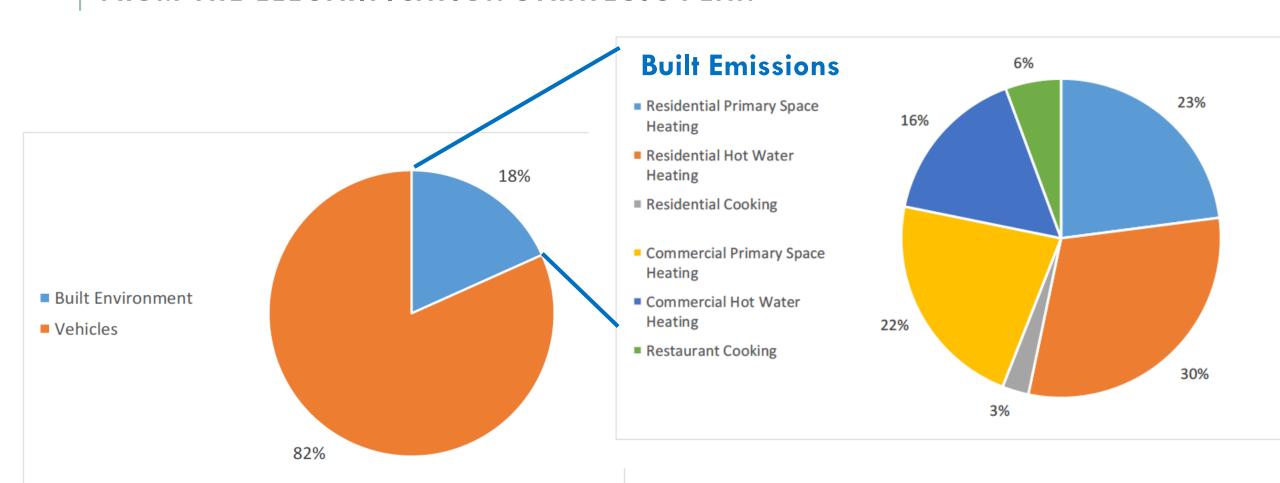


WHY ELECTRIFICATION?

Reduce emissions by switching appliances and systems to electric powered by carbon-free sourced electricity

RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMER OPT OUT	RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMER MBchoice	RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMER MBprime
47% 39% Carbon Free Renewable	66% 34% Carbon Free Renewable	100% Renewable
\$74.49	\$74.49	\$74.49
PG&E Delivery	PG&E Delivery	PG&E Delivery
\$58.89	\$41.85	\$46.85
Electric Generation	Electric Generation	Electric Generation
\$0.00	\$13.89	\$13.89
PG&E Added Fees	PG&E Added Fees	PG&E Added Fees
\$133.38	\$130.23	\$135.23
Average Total Monthly Cost	Average Total Monthly Cost	Average Total Monthly Cost

MBCP SERVICE AREA TOTAL ANNUAL GHG BY SOURCE FROM THE ELECTRIFICATION STRATEGIC PLAN



BUILT ENVIRONMENT INCENTIVES

All-Electric Building Grants Total funds Available: \$1.2M

Goal: Provide a grant to incentivize developers to build new all-electric Multi-Unit Dwellings (MUDs)

Target Customers: housing developers building MUDs in MBCP territory

Benefits: immediate GHG reductions, long term customer savings, supporting Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) goals, lowest cost approach to building electrification, support Reach Code transition

Monterey Bay

Community Power

BUILT ENVIRONMENT INCENTIVES

Home Electrification Rebates Total funds Available: \$260K

Goal: Incentivize homeowners to electrify

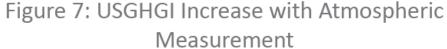
Target Customers: Residential, including low income

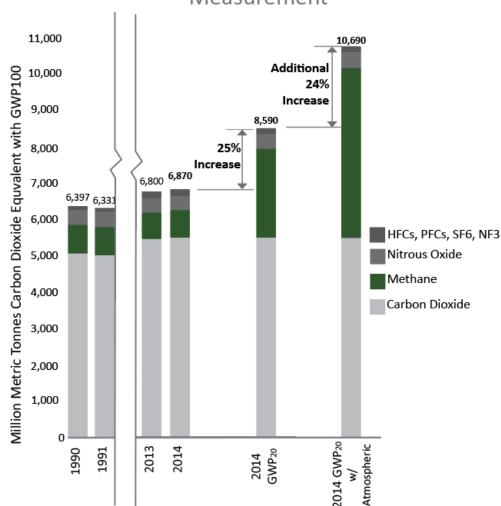
Technologies: Heat Pump Hot Water Heaters, Home EV Chargers, Panel Upgrade

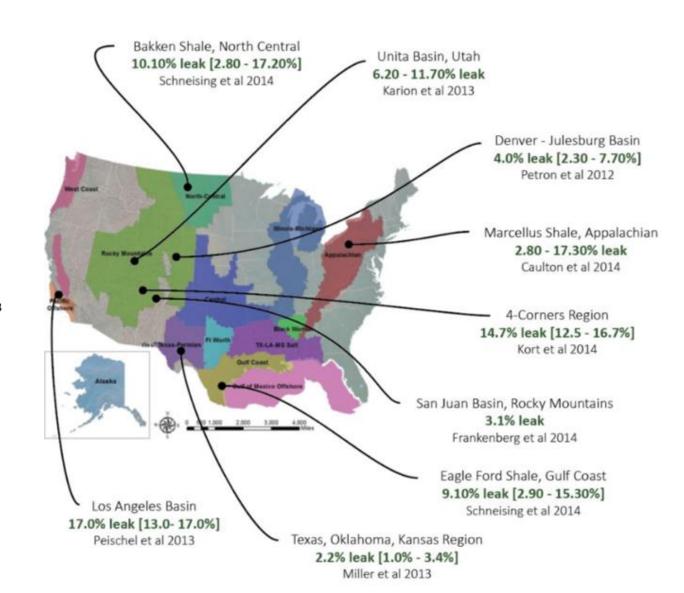
Monterey Bay Community Power

Benefits: savings for homeowners, safer & healthier homes, future demand management potential

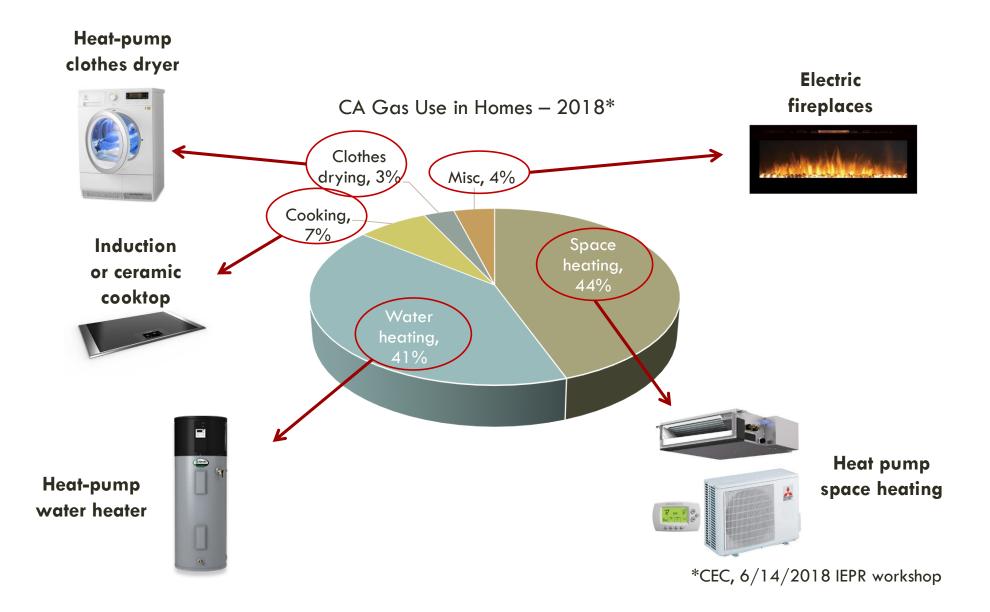
IPCC Update of Methane's Global Warming Potential and New Leakage Data Illustrates Causes of Near Term Climate Change



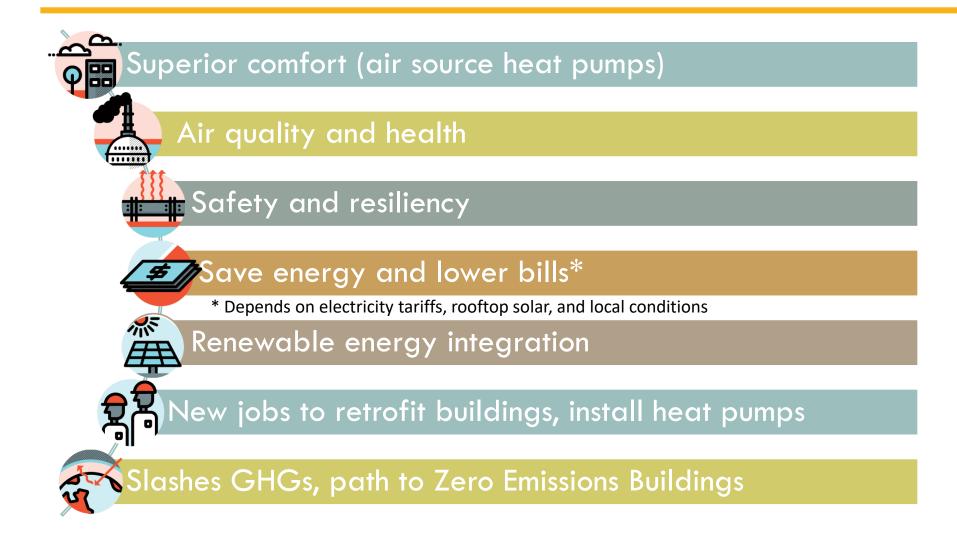




BENEFITS OF BUILDING ELECTRIFICATION



Electrification benefits: not just emissions!



IMPROVE PUBLIC SAFETY BY ELIMINATING LEADING NG INFRASTRUCTURE



1994: Ruptured gas line after 1994 Northridge Earthquake destroys two homes on Balboa Boulevard, LA. *The Atlantic, Jan 14, 2014*. 2010: Ruptured gas line in San Bruno kills 8, destroys 38 homes, PG&E fined for hiding responsibility. KPCC News, 2016.

2015: Aliso Canyon leak sends hundreds of children home from school with mass nose bleeds and vomiting, 12,000 citizens evacuated. *EDF*, 2015.

ADDRESS INDOOR AIR POLLUTION



Carbon monoxide,
Nitrogen dioxide,
Nitric oxide,
Formaldehyde,
Acetaldehyde,
Ultrafine particles...

Air pollution levels in 55 – 70% of homes with gas stoves would be illegal if found outdoors. (LBNL)

GROUP ACTIVITY

IMAGINE AN ALL-ELECTRIC BUILT ENVIRONMENT

- 1. Use the knowledge within your group to imagine an allelectric built environment (5-10 mins)
 - Sketch the built environment and people within it
 - Be prepared to describe what it smells and sounds like

Group leader report back (1-2 minutes per group)

COST EFFECTIVENESS

REDUCE ECONOMY-WIDE ENERGY CONSUMPTION

According to several analyses, widespread building electrification in the U.S. will likely increase electricity consumption, but will decrease total economy-wide energy consumption when including the net decrease of fossil fuels.

Increased Electricity Consumption



More Efficient Technologies

 A recent scenario analysis by NREL suggests that that widespread deployment of electrification technologies (including EVs, heat pumps, etc.) could increase 2050 U.S electricity consumption by 20-38% Since electrification technologies are highly efficient, the quantity of electricity required to produce a specified output (e.g. heat an average home) is less energy intensive than the quantity of energy required to produce the same output through direct combustion of fossil fuels.

Decreased Economy-Wide Energy Consumption

• Despite the increase in electricity consumption from electrification, NREL's analysis suggests that the efficiency of electrification technologies (along with overall improvements in appliance and building efficiency) could result in 13-21% lower final energy consumption.

ELECTRIFICATION IMPROVES AFFORDABILITY

Building allelectric saves \$1,500 to \$6,000 in construction costs. Residents save \$4,000-\$10,000 on utility bills over 20 years. Adding solar lowers utility bills by an additional \$500 per year.

Gas rates rising.
Utilities expect
24-46% rate
hike between
2019-2022

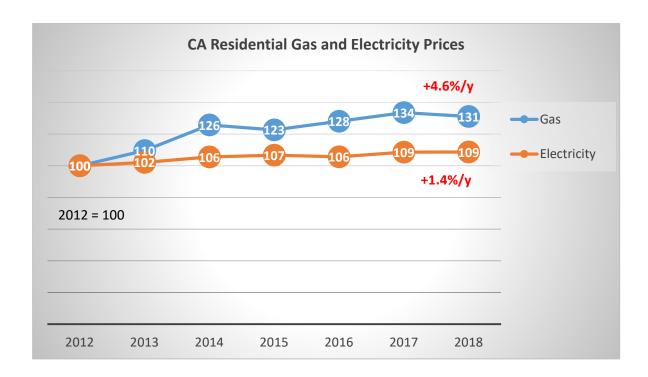






NATURAL GAS COSTS CLIMBING

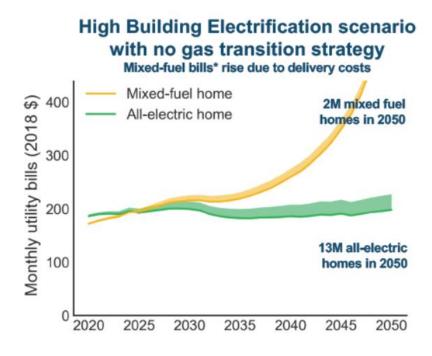
CA residential natural gas prices increased 3x faster than electricity prices from 2012 to 2018



Source: EIA

https://www.eia.gov/dnav/ng/hist/n3010ca3m.htm
https://www.eia.gov/electricity/data/browser/#/topic/7?agg=2,0,1&geo=g&freq=M

Trend expected to accelerate:



CEC Workshop June 6, 2019: Draft Results from E3 study on the Future of Natural Gas Distribution in California

WHAT DOES BUILDING ELECTRIFICATION LOOK LIKE ACROSS STATE?

OTHER JURISDICTIONS HAVE ADDRESSED

- 1. Natural Gas prohibitions
- 2. Electric-preferred and All-electric buildings
- 3. All-electric retrofit ready buildings
- 4. Additional solar PV requirements and/or carbon in lieu of fees
- 5. Additional electric vehicle charging requirements

TYPE OF POLICY

Natural Gas Infrastructure Moratorium

All Electric Reach
Code

Electric Preferred

JURISDICTIONS ADOPTING

Alameda, Berkeley, Morgan Hill, San Francisco, San Jose

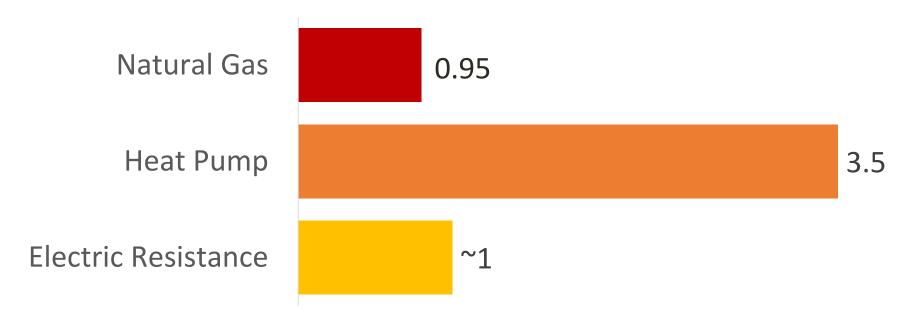
Brisbane, Campbell, Carlsbad, Cupertino, Healdsburg, Los Altos Hills, Los Gatos, Menlo Park, Mountain View, Pacifica, Palo Alto, Santa Rosa, Saratoga, Windsor

Berkeley, Davis, Marin County, Mill Valley, Milpitas, Palo Alto, San Francisco, San Jose, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, San Mateo County, Santa Monica

WHAT IS THE RANGE OF ELECTRIC EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE?

EQUIPMENT EFFICIENCY





Modern electric equipment

Space Heating



Water Heating



Cooking





Clothes Drying







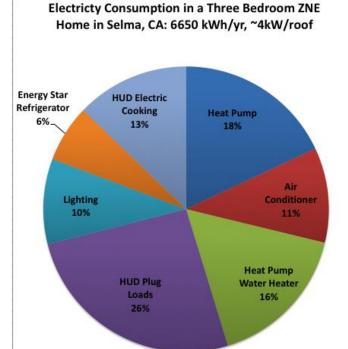
The New Valley View Homes of Selma, CA



PSH1BG iQ Drive® | Maytag® M1200 up to 19 SEER, 10 HSPF Heat Pump



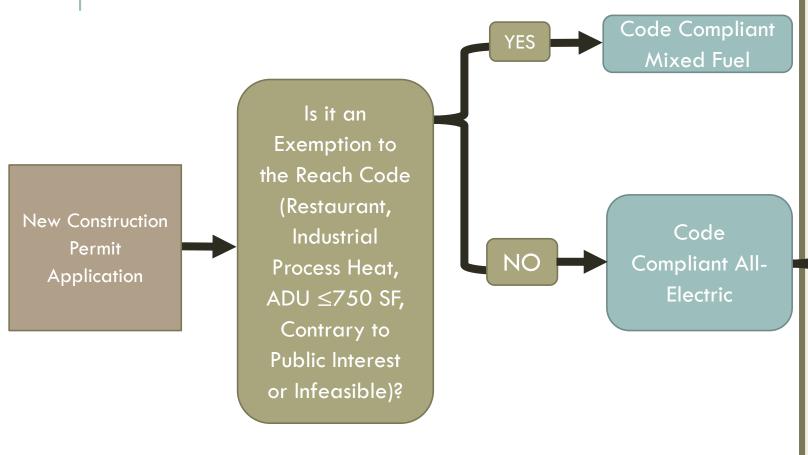






CITY COUNCIL DIRECTED POLICY APPROACH

ALL-ELECTRIC NEW CONSTRUCTION



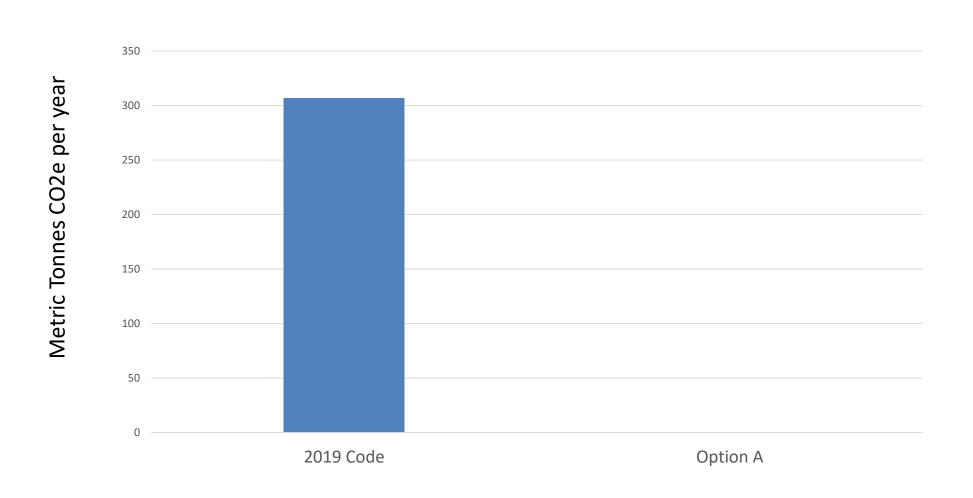
All-Electric to T24 Part 6 Code Compliant all Electric **STORIES** T24 Part 6 Code **RESIDENTIAL** Compliant all Electric T24 Part 6 **STORIES** No PV per T24 Part 6 all Electric T24 Part 6 NON -**RESIDENTIAL** No PV per T24 Part 6

RECALL: MIXED FUEL = NATURAL GAS + ELECTRICITY

ALL-ELECTRIC NEW CONSTRUCTION

Policy	Natural Gas Prohibition Ordinance	2019 CA Energy Reach Code	Green Building Program
Requirements	Prohibits Natural Gas infrastructure in Newly Constructed Buildings* with a New Chapter in Santa Cruz Title 6 Health and Sanitation	Two Compliance Pathways: [1] All-Electric [2] Mixed Fuel + Efficiency EDR Margin = 10 LR Res 95% Standard Des 4+ Res Non Res 90% Standard Des Office/Retail 95% Standard Des HVAC+L	Encourages: [1] R744 Heat Pump WH+ HRV/ERV + 24 SEER AC [2] Demand Response HVAC Interface ADR2.0 [3] CHWDS + Induction Electric Cooktops
Covered Buildings	Newly Constructed Buildings* requiring: [1] Zoning Clearance or LUA [2] Admin or Special Use Permit [3] Ministerial Building Permit [4] ADUs > 750SF	All New Buildings [†] with Building Permit application after e.g. 07/01/20 + ADUs > 750SF	New Residential and Alterations/Additions > 350SF New Non Res or a TI > 1,000 SF or \$200K
Exemptions	 [1] Infeasibility + Alterations+ Add [2] Contrary to Public Interest [3] Industrial Process Heat [4] Restaurants & ADUs ≤ 750SF 	ADUs ≤ 750SF Alterations Additions	Residential Utility Structures < 1,000 SF
Status	Planning Commission notification – March 5 City Council first reading/hearing – March 24 City Council 2 nd reading/hearing – April 7 Inta Cruz Title 6, 'Newly Constructed Building' is 'a building that	Draft Ready	Updated to 2019 Code

PROJECTED GHG EMISSIONS FROM 2024 ONWARD WITH 600 DWELLING UNITS BUILT 2020-2024



Where
about 1% of
Building
Stock Turns
over each
Year

GROUP ACTIVITY

HOW CAN WE FACILITATE ALL-ELECTRIC BUILDINGS OTHER THAN THE POLICY?

Brainstorm Ideas! 10 minutes

OUTREACH & TIMELINE TO ADOPTION

OUTREACH THRU FEBRUARY

- Community Workshop 1: Building Electrification 101 >> Feb. 4 | City Council Chambers | 6-7:30 pm
- City Council Study Session
 - >>Feb. 18 | City Council Chambers | 1 3:30 pm
 - **Developer's Roundtable**
 - >>Feb. 26 | Civic Auditorium Tony Hill A, B C Room | 3:30 5 pm
 - Community Workshop 2: Bldg Electrification Policy Options
- >> Feb. 27 | Downtown Main Library Community Room | 6 7:30 pm
 - Electrification Coffee Talk with Trades, Vendors, Designers and Builders
 - >>Tuesdays Feb. 11 March 10 | 11th Hour Coffee | 8:30-9:30 am



POLICY PROCESS

PLANNING COMMISSION

>>March 5 | City Council Chambers | 7 pm

CITY COUNCIL - FIRST ORDINANCE HEARING

>>March 24 | | TBD time

CITY COUNCIL - SECOND ORDINANCE HEARING

>>April 7 | City Council Chambers | TBD time

BUILDING ELECTRIFICATION EXPO AT EARTH DAY

>>April 18 | San Lorenzo Park | 11 am - 4 pm

IMPLEMENTATION = TENTATIVELY JULY 1, 2020



OTHER RESOURCES

- FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (continuously updated)
- DEVELOPER'S ROUNDTABLE SLIDE DECK
- COMMUNITY WORKSHOP 1 SLIDE DECK
- CITY COUNCIL STUDY SESSION SLIDE DECK
- BERKELEY'S HOME ELECRIFICATION FACT SHEET: ELECTRIC INDUCTION COOK TOPS
- BERKELEY'S HOME ELECRIFICATION FACT SHEET: ELECTRIC HEAT PUMP WATER HEATERS
- SANTA CRUZ ELECTRIFICATION RESOURCES (IN DEVELOPMENT)

WWW.CITYOFSANTACRUZ.COM/POLICY

Q & A

THANK YOU + QUESTIONS?

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https://www.facebook.com/SantaCruzClimateAction/

EXTRA SLIDES FOR REFERENCE

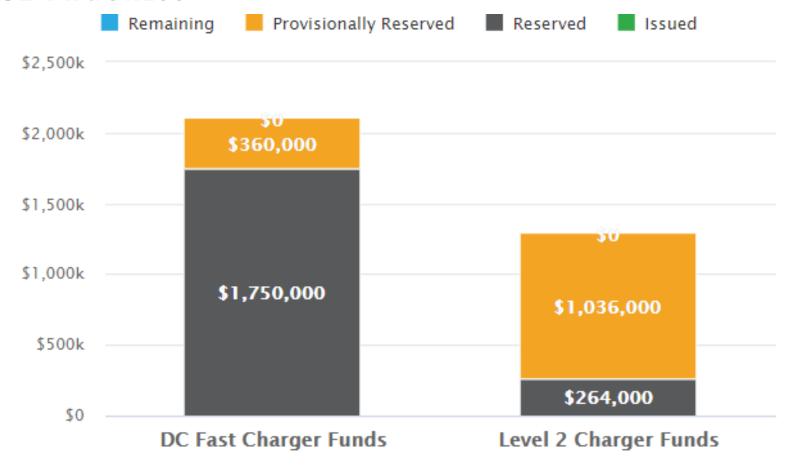
TRANSPORTATION ELECTRIFICATION



- ~500 JUMP bikes
- 20 miles bike lanes, >90% Rail Trail funded
- Go Santa Cruz transportation demand mgmt platform
- Electrify America electric vehicle charging investment
- 14 public and 20+ fleet electric vehicle charging
- Electric passenger vehicle and bike fleet
- MBCP and Air District: EV and EV charging incentives
- State and Federal EV rebates

CALEVIP: FUNDING EV INFRASTRUCTURE

SANTA CRUZ PROGRESS



\$9.8M of applications received in excess of funds

EV REBATES

ONGOING AVAILABILITY THROUGH PARTNERSHIP WITH MBARD

Goal: Provide rebates to incentivize individuals to purchase or

lease an EV

Target Customers: Residential, including low income

Technologies:

- New EVs: \$1,000 Used EVs: \$750
- New PHEVs: \$500 Used PHEVs: \$300
- New Electric Motorcycle: \$200
- New Hydrogen Fuel Cell Vehicle:\$1,500

Amount doubled for low-income applicants

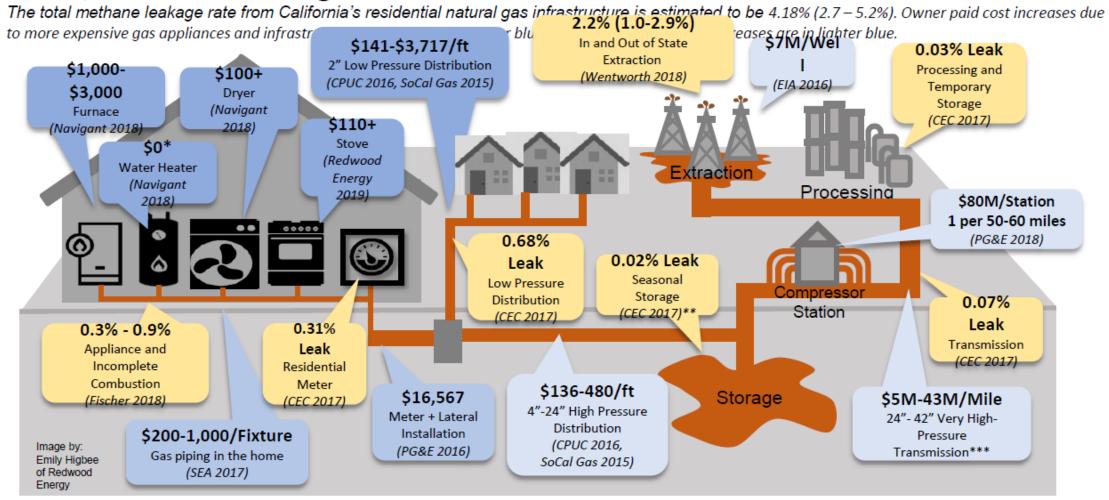


Learn more and apply: MBARD.org/incentives

WHAT ABOUT PUBLIC SAFETY POWER SHUTOFFS?

- New water heaters, stoves and heaters all have electric ignitions since pilot lights are no longer legal. As a result, they do not work when the electricity is off regardless of their primary fuel source.
- Gas stoves can sometimes be lit with a match during a power outage; however the exhaust fan will not work making the stove unsafe to operate.
- All-electric appliances can easily be set up to use a backup power source including generators or solar-powered batteries.
- Heat pump water heaters, like other tank-style water heaters hold substantial amounts of hot water, ready to use in case of service disruption.
- Gas negatively impacts disaster recovery time. Not only are gas lines and leaks a
 dangerous liability during fires, gas service typically take longer to get
 operational again after a safety shutoff or disaster-related inspection and repair,
 compared to electricity.

Residential Natural Gas Infrastructure Costs and Methane Leakage: \$25,000+ per home, 2.7%-5.2% leakage



Appliance costs are the marginal cost (\$) of gas over all-electric

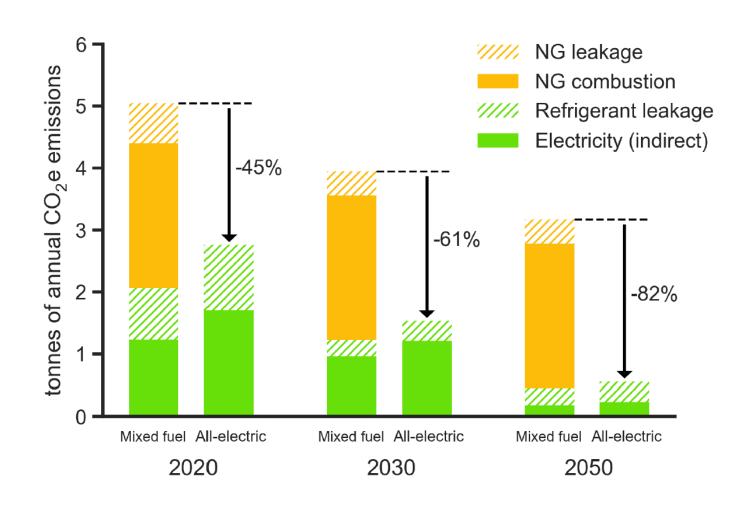
^{*}heat pump water heater equal in cost to on demand gas water heating

^{**}Aliso Canyon leaked 4.62 Billion cubic feet and alone cost \$1.014 billion shared by 5.6 million meters - \$181/meter cost (Reuters, Aug 6, 2018)

^{***} Average of various sources (Cochran 2018, Lennon 2019, SoCalGas 2014, Nemec 2015, Nogueras 2011)

REFRIGERANT LEAKAGE

Figure 3-1: Annual GHG emissions from a 1990s vintage single family home for Sacramento

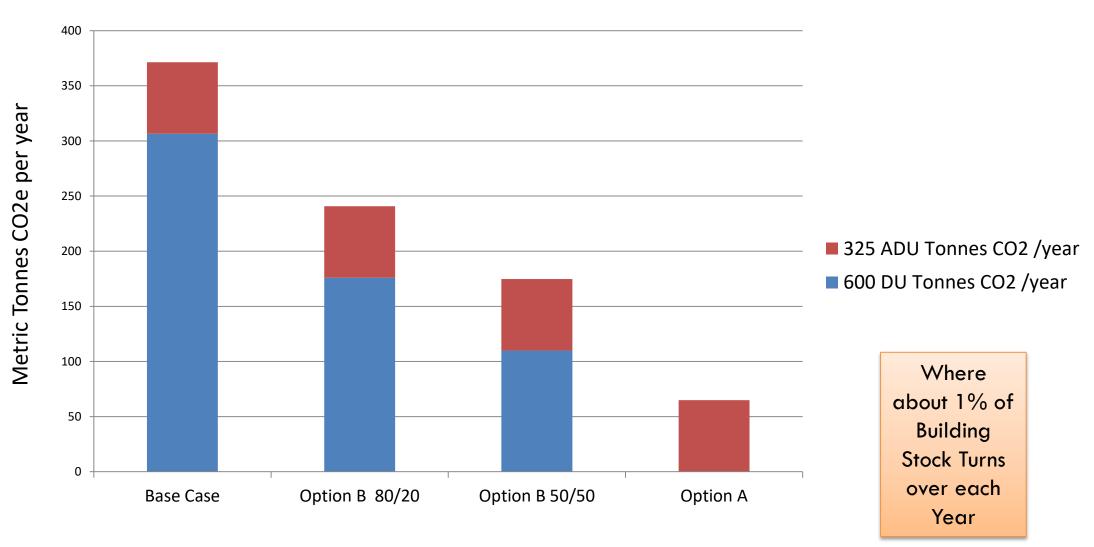


OPTION B MIXED-FUEL EFFICIENCY INCREMENTAL COSTS PER DWELLING

Building Systems (Envelope + Appliance) in Climate Zone 3	SFD	Multifamily per Unit
Incremental Costs	\$1,365	\$452
Cost Effectiveness On-Bill / TDV	1.91 / 1.97	1.11 / 1.23

SOURCE: 2019 California Energy Codes and Standards PGE / Frontier Energy LR Residential Cost Effectiveness Study

PROJECTED GHG EMISSIONS FROM 2024 ONWARD DWELLING UNITS + ADUs BUILT 2020-2024



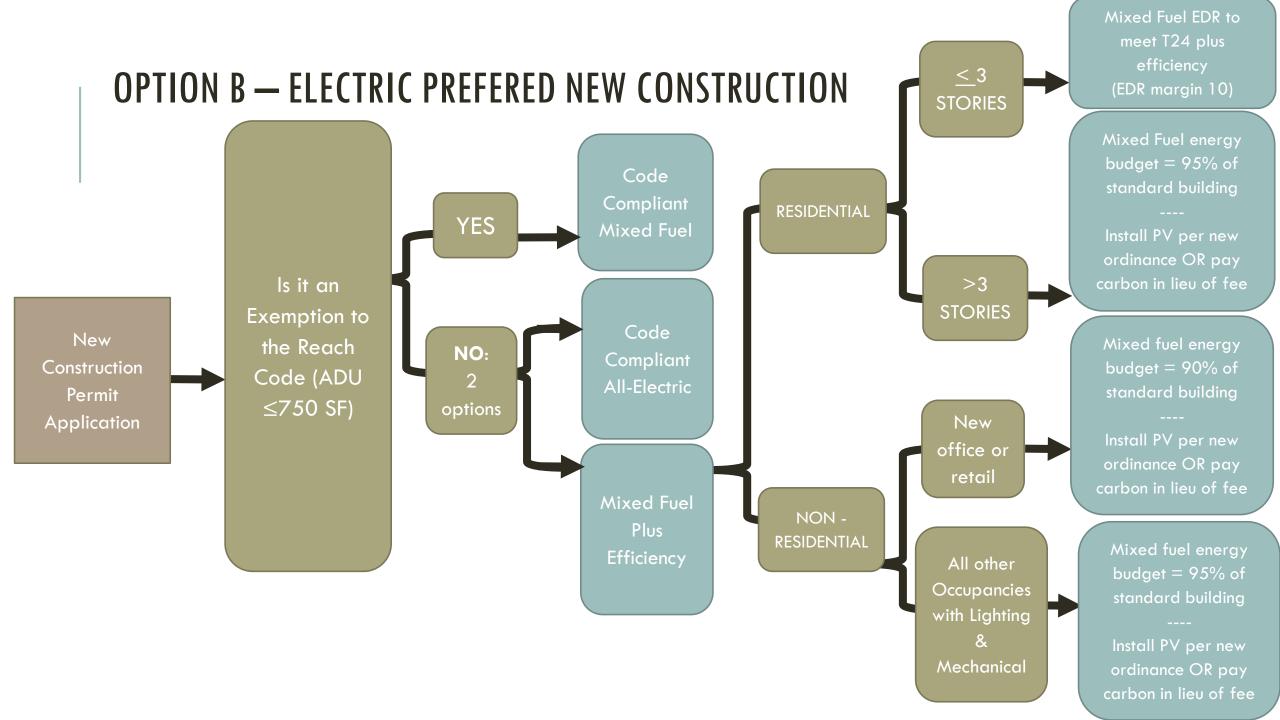
PLANNING DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS IMPACT (HEAT MAP)

Operations Segment	Option A	Option B
Current Planning	SLIGHT INCREASE	SLIGHT INCREASE
Building Plan Check		SLIGHT INCREASE
Building Field Inspection	MEDIUM DECREASE	

Reach Code Adoption Process

- City Explores Reach Codes
- Evaluate Reach Code Options
- Engage Stakeholders
- Develop Reach Code Ordinance
- Submit Documentation (including Cost Effectiveness studies) to California Energy Commission
- Approve Reach Code through Local Commissions/Councils





Option B - Electric Preferred New Construction (Choice of Fuel)

Policy	Prohibition on Natural Gas Ordinance	2019 CA Energy Reach Code	Green Building Program
Requirements	None	Two Compliance Pathways: [1] All-Electric [2] Mixed Fuel + Efficiency EDR Margin = 10 LR Res 95% Standard Des Res 4+ PV or ILOF Non Res PV or ILOF 90% Standard Des Office/Retail 95% Standard Des HVAC+L	Encourages: [1] R744 Heat Pump WH+ HRV/ERV + 24 SEER AC [2] Demand Response HVAC Interface ADR2.0 [3] CHWDS + Induction Electric Cooktops
Covered Buildings	None	All New Buildings [†] with Building Permit application after e.g. 07/01/20	New Residential and Alterations/Additions > 350 SF New Non Res or a TI > 1,000 SF or \$200K
Exemptions	NA	ADUs ≤ 750SF Alterations Additions	Residential Utility Structures < 1,000 SF
Status	NA	Pending City Council direction	Updated to 2019 Code

[†] The California Energy Code defines a Newly Constructed Building as 'a building that has never been used or occupied for any purpose'.

ADU Exemption

Why an ADU exemption $\leq 750SF$?

Technical Motivation

- Surface Area to Volume of ADU already makes Energy Efficiency Compliance to Code more difficult (2019 Code is 7% EE 46% PV (confirmed with Energy Analysts)
- QII & HRVs will become commonplace

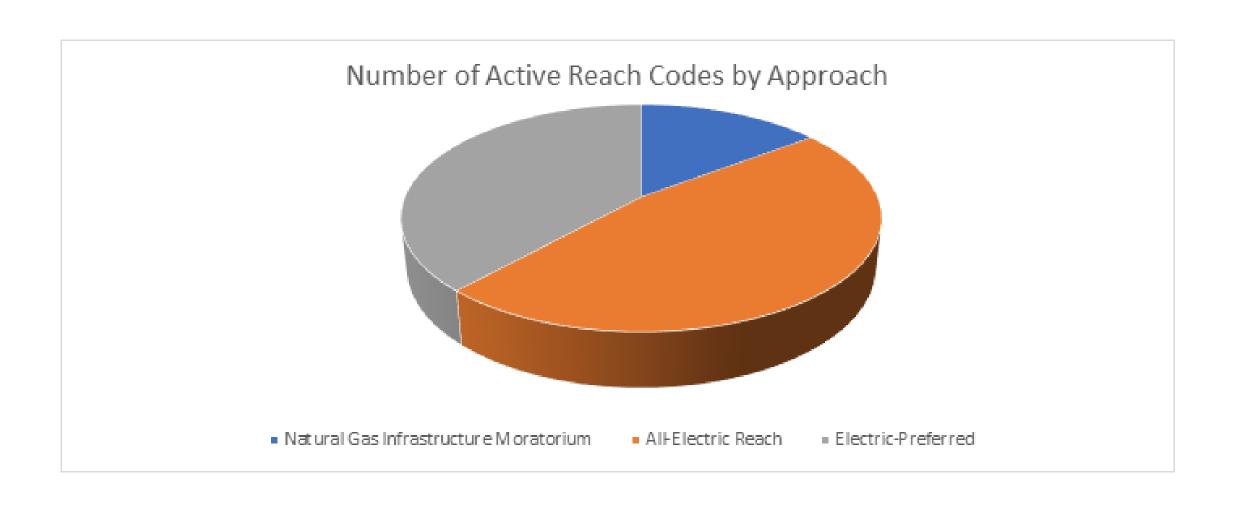
Policy Coordination

- ADUs exempt from Impact Fees up to 750SF
- Eligible for ministerial process up to 800SF

Future ADU Options

 Climate Adaptive/ Ignition Resistant Standard to alleviate fuel densification fire risk

OTHER JURISDICTIONS HAVE ADOPTED



IMPROVE INDOOR AIR QUALITY

Eliminate "Supper Smog"

Sean Armstrong: A New Yorker article in April of 2019 about the <u>hidden air pollution in our homes</u>²⁶ said kitchen air during cooking was so dirty that there is actual smog formation after twenty to thirty minutes of cooking on a gas stove. Was that an exaggeration?

Dr. Brett Singer: If you add pollutants like NO2 from gas stoves to the cooking emissions, it is a mixture of pollutants deserving of a name like "smog," although that name is already taken by outdoor air pollution.

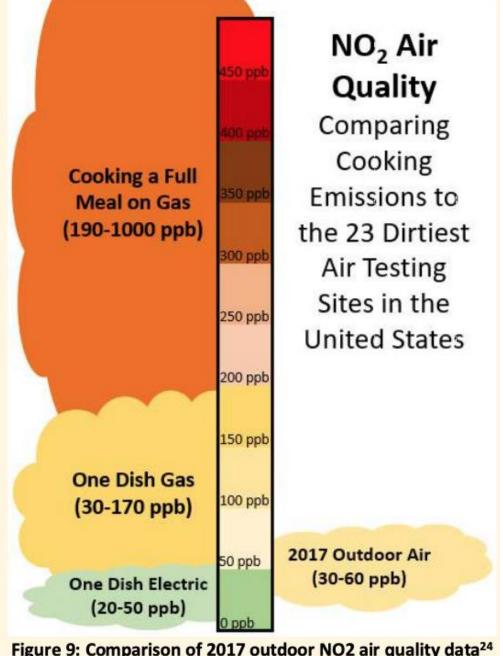
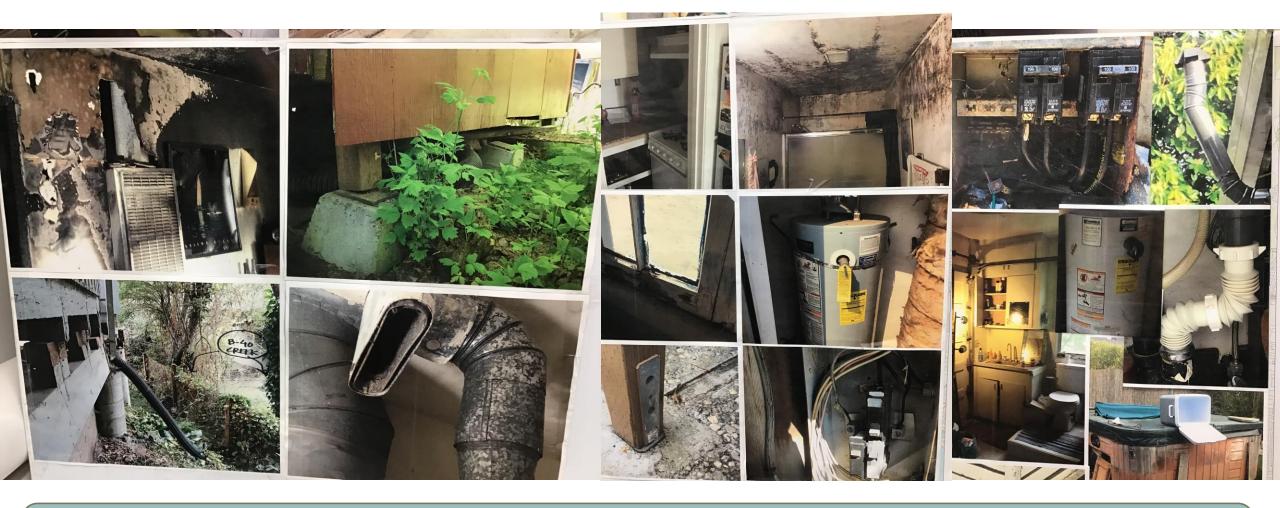


Figure 9: Comparison of 2017 outdoor NO2 air quality data²⁴ and cooking NO2 emissions for various tests: full meal on gas and single dishes (stir fry, tortillas, French fries)²⁵.

ELECTRIFICATION REDUCES SAFETY ISSUES



REDUCTION IN FUTURE CODE ENFORCEMENT & RENTAL INSPECTION ISSUES PERTAINING TO COMBUSTION APPLIANCES